



Rhus typhina



Height	3-6 m
Width	5-8m
Crown	broad vase-shaped, half-open crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	soft hairy
Leaf	green, pinnate leaves
Autumn colour	yellow, orange, red
Flowers	yellow-green, flowers in June-July
Fruits	red
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, nutrient-poor soil, all soil types
Soil moisture	suitable for dry soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
Wind resistance	moderate
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), valuable for butterflies
Application	industrial areas, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem treem

Rhus typhina is usually a large shrub and can grow into a small, sometimes multi-stemmed tree. The 3 -5 m tall crown is jagged, open and broadly fan-shaped. The young branches are particularly striking. These are red-brown and densely and softly velvety-haired. It has given R. typhina its Dutch name Fluweelboom. The odd-pinnate leaves consist of 11 to 31 leaflets. These are oblong, with serrate leaf edges. They are dark green on top and a striking blue-green on the underside. In autumn, the leaves turn intense orange to deep purple-red for several weeks before falling off. In winter, the open, jagged crown comes into its own. In June-July, the densely hairy, upright flower panicles appear. They possess numerous small greenish-yellow flowers. The small fruits are red and also appear in dense dark red hairy panicles. They remain in the tree until after the leaves fall in autumn, completing the beautiful autumn scene.

Rhus typhina grows best in nutrient-rich, well-drained soil. The tree tolerates some drought. Because of its large pinnate leaves, the tree is only moderately wind resistant.