



Pinus parviflora 'Glaucua'



Height	6 - 12 m
Width	6-10m
Crown	broad pyramidal, half-open crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	smooth, grey, later flaking, greenish brown twigs
Leaf	needles, 5 together, twisted, greyish blue, 2 - 6 cm, evergreen
Flowers	unremarkable, fragrant flowers
Fruits	hanging cones, 5 - 10 cm, appearing even at a young age
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	all, well-permeable, tolerates very moist soil
Soil moisture	suitable for wet soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, provides food for birds
Application	tree containers, roof gardens, coastal areas, industrial areas, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, feathered tree, multi-stem treem, clearstem conifer, specimen conifer
Origin	Germany, 1909

Slow-growing tree that remains narrow when young but later grows asymmetrical and broad. The crown is semi-closed and more irregular than the species, and the lower branches, which are often shorter, hang down slightly. The trunk is purplish grey and smooth, but darker and peeling later. Twigs are bare, sometimes with fine hairs and greenish brown. The very twisted needles grow in bundles of 5 grouped primarily at the end of the twigs. This produces brush-like tops. The needles have a more striking blue colour than the species. Even young specimens already have hanging cones. Sometimes they grow singly, sometimes in groups. Tolerates sea wind, is suitable for planting in industrial areas, and requires a sunny site. Thanks to the decorate shape of the bluish grey needles, 'Glaucua' is often grown in private gardens.