



Quercus robur 'Timuki'



Height	15 - 20 m
Width	8-12m
Crown	round, half-open crown
Bark and branches	twigs dark brown, bark dark grey, deeply grooved
Leaf	obovate, lobed, dark greenish purple, 7 - 14 cm
Flowers	green-yellow ♂ catkins, 2 - 4 cm, May
Fruits	ovate to oval, 1.5 - 2.5 cm, in groups of 2 - 6, cupule with triangular contiguous scales
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	fertile and moist
Soil moisture	suitable for wet soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
Application	industrial areas
Shape	clearstem tree
Origin	Raimond Cinovskis, Riga, Latvia, 1946

Red-leaved cultivar of *Q. robur* with a broad ovoid crown, eventually becoming round. Grows significantly better than the old purple-leaved cultivar, 'Purpurascens'. The bark, blossom and fruit are the same as the species. The obovate leaves are, in terms of shape, also like the species although they are larger than on 'Purpurascens'. On emerging the leaf is green but it gradually turns darker, and at the end of summer it turns through red to a glossy dark greenish purple. The tree was found by M. Timuki in 1939 but was only named and distributed in 1946. The good growth and lovely foliage colours are the most important features of this purple-leaved oak. In addition, 'Timuki' is significantly less susceptible to mildew.