Acer palmatum 'Dissectum'

Height: 3 - 4 m
Crown: flat-topped spherical, mushroom-shaped, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches: smooth, grey-brown
Leaf: palmatifid with 7 deeply dissected leaf segments, mid-green
Autumn colour: orange
Flowers: red flower corymbs, May
Fruits: single seeds, winged, always in pairs, pink
Spines/thorns: None
Toxicity: usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type: any, except clay, and not too dry
Paving: tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone: 6 (-23.3 to -17.8 °C)
Wind resistance: moderate to poor
Other resistances: resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Application: tree containers, roof gardens, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape: clearstem tree, multi-stem treem
Origin: Japan, before 1784
Synonyms: Acer p. var. dissectum viride

Low, broad shrub, with widely overhanging branches if grafted onto a stem. The leaves are palmate and the leaf segments are also dissected nearly to the main veins. The young leaf is light green to yellowish green. The summer leaf is mid-green. In autumn it turns flaming orange to light red. ‘Dissectum’, previously also traded widely as the variety dissectum viride, gives its name to all of the “Dissectum Group”. A common characteristic of this cultivar group is that the leaf segments of the palmatifid leaves are very deeply dissected.