



## Cupressus sempervirens 'Stricta'



<b>Height</b>	10-12 m
<b>Width</b>	1,5-2m
<b>Crown</b>	columnar, dark, dense crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	grey
<b>Leaf</b>	green, evergreen
<b>Flowers</b>	yellowgreen, flowers in March
<b>Fruits</b>	brown
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, all soil types
<b>Soil moisture</b>	suitable for dry soil
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates partial paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	8a (-12,2 to -9,5 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good, tolerates sea wind but not cold, drying wind
<b>Other resistances</b>	can withstand wind
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, narrow streets, coastal areas, industrial areas, patio gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem conifer, specimen conifer

Cupressus sempervirens 'Stricta' is a particularly characteristic conifer that has become world-famous thanks to photographs and paintings of Italian landscapes. Its tight, dense columnar shape is unmistakable. It is a columnar tree 20 to 30 m tall. The scaly foliage is deep, dull dark green. Formerly known as f. stricta, the columnar C. sempervirens has now been elevated to cultivar level. This makes it possible to grow species-specific columnar trees, with C. sempervirens being naturally variable as a species.